BERKSHIRE REGIONAL TRANSIT AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation)

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

June 30, 2025

Table of Contents

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	2 - 4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	6
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	7
Statement of Cash Flows	8
Notes to Financial Statements	9 - 23
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Change in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	24
Schedule of Pension Contributions	25
Supplementary Information	
Computation of Operating Assistance From the Federal Transit Administration	26
Statement of Net Cost of Service	27
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance	
with Government Auditing Standards	28 - 29

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Advisory Board

BERKSHIRE REGIONAL TRANSIT AUTHORITY

One Columbus Avenue, Suite 201

Pittsfield, MA 01201

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Berkshire Regional Transit Authority, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Berkshire Regional Transit Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Berkshire Regional Transit Authority, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Berkshire Regional Transit Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Berkshire Regional Transit Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Berkshire Regional Transit Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Berkshire Regional Transit Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on page 5 and the Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability, Related Ratios, and Pension Contributions on pages 24 and 25, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Berkshire Regional Transit Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information on pages 26 and 27 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited Berkshire Regional Transit Authority's June 30, 2024 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated September 26, 2024. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 18, 2025 on our consideration of the Berkshire Regional Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Berkshire Regional Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ADELSON & COMPANY PC

Adelson + Company PC

September 18, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

The Berkshire Regional Transit Authority's (the Authority) management discussion and analysis for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the Authority's financial activity and identify changes in the Authority's financial position.

Reporting Entity

The Authority provides public transportation and operates under Massachusetts General Laws (MGL) Chapter 161B as a body politic and a corporate and political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The Authority is a component unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation. Massachusetts provides funding to the Authority. See Note 1 to the financial statements for additional information on the reporting entity.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Authority exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2025 by \$14,318,526.
- The Authority's cost of operations were fully covered with operating revenues (fixed route and demand response income, advertising, rental and other miscellaneous income) and government support (federal, state, and local operating subsidies). See the Authority's net cost of service calculation on page 27 of the financial statements.
- The Authority's total net position had a net increase of \$494,711 from fiscal year 2024. The primary components consist of contributed capital from the federal and state government for the acquisition of capital assets of \$1,923,721, less non-reimbursable depreciation on capital assets of \$1,459,065, an increase in the Authority's reserve of \$5,248 as allowed under M.G.L. 161B Section 6(q), and a decrease in the Authority's net pension liability and other deferred outflows and inflows of resources of \$24,807 which are non-reimbursable items at this time.
- Operating revenues decreased \$291,587 or 49% from fiscal year 2024. Fixed route income decreased \$265,384 due to fare-free events in July 2024, and from December 2024 through June 2025. Demand response revenue decreased by \$26,203.
- Operating expenses increased \$961,523 or 10% from fiscal year 2024 due to an increase in fixed route service of \$677,757 due to increased wages, fuel prices and maintenance costs, an increase in demand response expenses of \$172,565, an increase in administrative expenses of \$82,902 due to increased wages and benefits, and an increase in other operating expenses of \$28,299, which was funded with specific grants from the federal and state government.
- The Authority expended \$1,923,721 on capital assets, all of which was paid for by the federal and state government.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

• The Authority's operations are funded annually through a state required computation of the net cost of service. Except for the establishment of a restricted reserve, the Authority's funding cannot exceed its net cost of service. However, a deficit can result if funding is not sufficient to cover expenses.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Authority is a component unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation formed for the purpose of carrying out business-type activities in 30 western Massachusetts communities. The Authority's financial statements consist of three main statements: Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows. Notes and supplementary information that disclose information about the nature of the Authority's business, accounting policies and additional information about specific statement amounts follow these statements.

The Authority's net position consists of its net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, revenue vehicles and office equipment), less any debt used to acquire those assets, and working capital held by the Authority's fixed route and paratransit operators. The Authority uses these capital assets and working capital held by the fixed route and paratransit operators to provide transportation services to individuals within its service area. Although the Authority's capital assets are reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt, if any, must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The Authority currently has no capital lease obligations or capital debt. Net position also consists of a restricted reserve for extraordinary expenses as allowed by Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 161B Section 6(q). Unfunded deficits are reported as unrestricted net position.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position report the results of both operating and non-operating activities. The Statement of Cash Flows, which is presented using the direct method, accounts for the change in the cash and equivalents balance between July 1 and June 30. The cash flows statement provides the detail on the cash the Authority received from and paid for operating and non-operating activities, investing, and financing activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

A summary of the Authority's net position consisted of the following at June 30:

Summary of Net Position

	 6/30/2025	 6/30/2024	 Change
Current assets	\$ 7,229,941	\$ 7,275,321	\$ (45,380)
Leases receivable	108,009	31,807	76,202
Property and equipment, net	13,629,542	13,168,139	461,403
Deferred outflows of resources	 509,459	 374,383	 135,076
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	 21,476,951	20,849,650	 627,301
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	517,299	596,312	(79,013)
Note payable	5,600,000	5,600,000	-
Net pension liability	721,004	603,493	117,511
Deferred inflows of resources	 320,122	 226,030	 94,092
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 7,158,425	 7,025,835	 132,590
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	13,629,542	13,168,139	461,403
Reserve	215,177	209,929	5,248
Working capital held by fixed route and paratransit operator	713,741	713,741	-
Unrestricted	 (239,934)	 (267,994)	 28,060
Total net position	\$ 14,318,526	\$ 13,823,815	\$ 494,711

Restricted net position

The Authority's restricted net position represents amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of state laws, externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors, and other restrictions for a particular purpose. The Authority's restricted net position consisted of the following at June 30:

	6/30/2025		6/30/2024		 Change
Restricted net position					
Accumulated reserve established under Massachusetts					
General Laws for extraordinary expenses	\$	215,177	\$	209,929	\$ 5,248
Working capital held by fixed route and paratransit operator		713,741		713,741	
Total	\$	928,918	\$	923,670	\$ 5,248

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

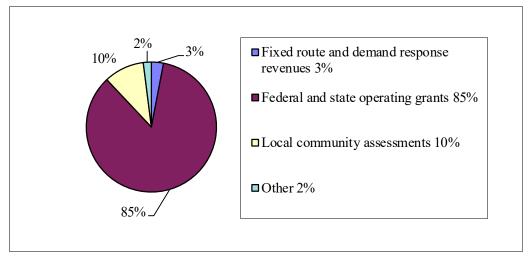
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

A summary of the Authority's change in fund net position consisted of the following at June 30:

Summary of Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

	 6/30/2025	 6/30/2024		Change
Operating revenues	\$ 302,804	\$ 594,391	\$	(291,587)
Operating expenses	10,324,611	9,363,088		961,523
Depreciation expense	1,462,318	1,481,641		(19,323)
Operating income (loss)	(11,484,125)	(10,250,338)		(1,233,787)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)	 10,055,115	8,882,288		1,172,827
Income (loss) before capital contributions	(1,429,010)	(1,368,050)		(60,960)
Capital contributions	 1,923,721	 3,656,094	_	(1,732,373)
Change in net position	494,711	2,288,044		(1,793,333)
Net position, beginning	 13,823,815	 11,535,771	_	2,288,044
Net position, ending	\$ 14,318,526	\$ 13,823,815	\$	494,711

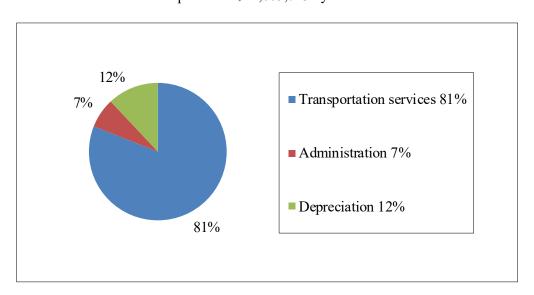
Total Operating and Non-operating Revenues of \$10,576,713 by Source



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Total Operating and Non-operating Expenses of \$12,005,723 by Source



Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The Authority's net increase in capital assets during the year ending June 30, 2025 was \$461,403. The Authority primarily acquires its capital assets under federal and state capital grants. During fiscal year 2025, the Authority acquired the following assets, which were all covered by capital grants:

Two 2023 Gillig Hybrid Low Floor 35' buses	\$ 1,660,608
Equipment for fixed route buses	22,736
Vehicle lift	47,695
Computer and server equipment	18,036
Facility improvements	 174,646
Total	\$ 1,923,721

The details on capital assets totaling \$13,629,542, net of accumulated depreciation, are disclosed in Note 6 of the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Revenue Anticipation Notes

At the end of fiscal year 2025, the Authority had a revenue anticipation note payable of \$5,600,000 maturing on July 25, 2025 at a rate of 4.50%. On July 25, 2025, the Authority issued a \$5,700,000 revenue anticipation note maturing on July 25, 2026 at a rate of 4.00%. The Authority repaid the \$5,600,000 note due July 25, 2025. This note provides cash flow until federal and state appropriations and local assessments are received.

Economic Factors

Funding for the Authority's net cost of service (non-capital expenses less all non-capital revenues except state contract assistance and member municipality assessments) is dependent primarily on operating assistance from the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The Authority's net cost of service is also funded through assessments to member municipalities. These assessments may increase annually in the aggregate by no more than 2.5%, plus the members' share of any new services. Local assessments continue to be funded in arrears (1.5 years behind). This contributes in large part to the Authority's borrowing needs.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Berkshire Regional Transit Authority, One Columbus Avenue – Suite 201, Pittsfield, MA, 01201.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30,

	2025	 Comparative 2024
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 822,892	\$ 1,372,655
Receivables	5,618,819	5,151,441
Prepaid expenses	21,864	9,991
Working capital held by fixed route and paratransit operator	713,741	713,741
Lease receivables	 52,625	 27,493
Total current assets	7,229,941	7,275,321
Leases receivable, long-term	108,009	31,807
Property and equipment, net	 13,629,542	 13,168,139
Total assets	 20,967,492	 20,475,267
Deferred outflows of resources		
Related to pension	 509,459	 374,383
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	7,821	8,517
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	10,056	8,405
Compensated absences	3,387	18,570
Unearned revenue	262,310	325,902
Accrued interest	233,725	234,918
Note payable	5,600,000	5,600,000
Net pension liability	 721,004	 603,493
Total liabilities	6,838,303	6,799,805
Deferred inflows of resources		
Related to leases	151,197	54,882
Related to pension	 168,925	 171,148
Total deferred inflows of resources	 320,122	 226,030
Net position		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	13,629,542	13,168,139
Restricted		
Reserve	215,177	209,929
Working capital held by fixed route and paratransit operator	713,741	713,741
Unrestricted	 (239,934)	 (267,994)
Total net position	\$ 14,318,526	\$ 13,823,815

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

For the Year Ended June 30,

	2025	(Comparative 2024
Operating revenues	 _		
Fixed route income	\$ 251,480	\$	516,864
Demand response income	 51,324		77,527
Total operating revenues	 302,804		594,391
Operating expenses			
Fixed route service	6,951,668		6,273,911
Demand response service	2,338,724		2,166,159
Other operating expenses	243,055		214,756
Administrative salaries, taxes and fringe benefits	524,437		423,755
Administrative expenses	266,727		284,507
Depreciation expense	 1,462,318		1,481,641
Total operating expenses	 11,786,929		10,844,729
Operating income (loss)	 (11,484,125)		(10,250,338)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)			
Government assistance			
Federal	3,448,814		3,189,895
Massachusetts contract assistance	4,633,781		4,257,320
Massachusetts fare free program	602,094		115,098
Member communities	1,102,782		1,075,885
Other federal and state assistance	299,291		214,756
Advertising income	36,890		38,611
Rental income	50,848		55,208
Other income	29,350		109,415
Interest income	70,059		34,118
Interest expense	(218,794)		(208,018)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 10,055,115		8,882,288
Income (loss) before capital contributions	(1,429,010)		(1,368,050)
Capital contributions	 1,923,721		3,656,094
Change in net position	494,711		2,288,044
Net position, beginning	 13,823,815		11,535,771
Net position, ending	\$ 14,318,526	\$	13,823,815

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended June 30,

	 2025	_	Comparative 2024
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from customers	\$ 287,140	\$	586,885
Payments for goods and services	(10,037,585)		(8,414,239)
Payments to employees	 (542,574)	_	(543,289)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 (10,293,019)	_	(8,370,643)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Receipts of operating grants	9,884,039		8,805,996
Proceeds from issuing revenue anticipation notes	5,600,000		5,600,000
Repayments of revenue anticipation notes	(5,600,000)		(5,350,000)
Interest paid, net of premiums	 (219,987)		(174,576)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	9,664,052		8,881,420
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Receipts of capital grants	1,932,866		2,947,606
Payments for capital acquisitions	(1,923,721)		(2,947,486)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	9,145		120
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest income	70,059		34,118
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	70,059	_	34,118
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents	(549,763)		545,015
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	 1,372,655	_	827,640
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 822,892	\$	1,372,655
Reconciliation of operating income to			
net cash used by operating activities:			
Operating loss	\$ (11,484,125)	\$	(10,250,338)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash			
provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation	1,462,318		1,481,641
Advertising, rental and other income	117,088		203,234
Change in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in receivables	(273,800)		185,126
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(11,873)		7,079
(Increase) decrease in lease receivable	(5,019)		(1,102)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(696)		5,954
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and related liabilities	(13,532)		2,290
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	(63,592)		98,727
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	 (19,788)		(103,254)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (10,293,019)	\$	(8,370,643)
Noncash supplemental disclosures			
Capital assets purchased on behalf of the Authority by the Commonwealth	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	708,608

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2025

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Berkshire Regional Transit Authority (the Authority) operates under Massachusetts General Laws (MGL) Chapter 161B as a body politic and a corporate and political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The Authority is a component unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation. Massachusetts provides funding to the Authority. Its members consist of the cities of Pittsfield and North Adams and the towns of Adams, Alford, Becket, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Egremont, Florida, Great Barrington, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mt. Washington, New Ashford, New Marlborough, Otis, Peru, Richmond, Savoy, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Washington, West Stockbridge, Williamstown and Windsor. It has a general responsibility to develop, finance and contract for the operation of mass transportation facilities within its territory. It is authorized to improve, modify, or extend existing facilities and enter into agreements with other parties, including government agencies, municipalities, authorities, private transportation companies, railroads, corporations, and other concerns, providing for construction, operation and use by such other party of any mass transportation facility or equipment of the Authority.

The Authority's activities are managed by an administrator who is appointed by an Advisory Board, which is made up of chief elected officials or their appointees from the member communities. The Authority's operations are primarily funded through passenger fares, contractual reimbursements and operating subsidies from the federal and state government and member municipalities. In addition, the Authority receives capital grants from the federal and state government to finance acquisitions and improvements of facilities and equipment.

The operation and maintenance of the Authority's transit services is performed by a private sector transportation company (the Operator) under terms and agreements whereby the Operator provides mass transit along such routes and according to such schedules as may be defined by the Authority. The Operator is also responsible for the maintenance of the Authority's transportation property (operations and maintenance facility, rolling stock, and other transportation equipment). In return, the Authority agrees to pay the Operator a management fee and to reimburse the Operator for all costs and expenses which are reasonable and necessary for the efficient operation and maintenance of the transit service (see also Notes 4 and 9).

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include (1) the Authority, (2) organizations for which the Authority is financially accountable and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Authority are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria provided in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statements have been considered, and no component units were identified to be included in the Authority's financial statements.

The financial statements of the Authority are incorporated into the financial statements of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts as the Authority is a component unit of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation.

Basis of Accounting

An enterprise fund is used to account for the Authority, which is maintained on the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 1 - (Continued)

The Authority uses proprietary fund accounting, which follows all GASB pronouncements. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing transit services to the general public. The principal operating revenues consist of passenger fares for fixed route and demand response transit services.

Operating expenses include the cost of transit services provided by third party vendors, administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Fund Net Position

Fund net positions are classified as follows in the Authority's financial statements:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt

The portion of net position represented by capital assets less accumulated depreciation, less outstanding debt incurred by the Authority to buy or construct them. The Authority uses these capital assets to provide transportation services; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Authority's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt, if any, must be provided from other sources, since these capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted

Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of state laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. The Authority has a restricted reserve established for the purpose of meeting the cost of extraordinary expenses in accordance with Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 161b, Section 6(q). At June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Authority's reserve balance was \$215,177 and \$209,929, respectively.

Unrestricted

All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

Funding and Revenue Recognition

The Authority realizes revenue from a variety of different sources including but not limited to local assessment revenue, federal and state operating and capital assistance, fare revenue, and non-fare revenue such as advertising and rental income. Revenue is recognized on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue received in advance is reported as unearned revenue on the statement of net position.

Federal and state operating and capital assistance grants are recorded at the time eligible expenditures under the terms of the grants are incurred. Reimbursement under these grants is based on expenses incurred during the fiscal year and is subject to certain compliance regulations.

Federal Grants and Contracts

The Federal government under 49 USC Sections 5307, 5311, and other sections, provides for assistance of up to 50% of the Authority's eligible operating costs. In addition, under 49 USC Sections 5307, 5309 and 5310, the Federal government may provide 80% to 100% of the cost of capital acquisitions.

Local Assessments

The Authority's net cost of service is funded through local assessments to member municipalities (cities and towns constituting the Authority), which may increase by no more than 2.5% annually plus the members' share of any new services.

NOTE 1 - (Continued)

State Contract Assistance

The Authority has a contract with the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (executed through the Massachusetts Department of Transportation), pursuant to MGL 161B, to provide operating assistance for a portion the Authority's net cost of service (operating deficit remaining after federal grants and local assessments have been applied, including payments made for debt service during the period, and excluding non-reimbursable expenses and depreciation).

Funding is determined in the Commonwealth's annual budget and is allocated between the regional transit authorities in the State based on a formula considering such factors as size and operating environment, ridership, and previous State funding levels.

Capital Grants

The Authority's capital assets are generally acquired with federal, state and local capital grants. These assets are owned by the Authority and included in property and equipment. Proceeds received from dispositions of these assets must be either refunded to the grantor agency or used to acquire new capital items. Capital grant revenues are reflected in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position as capital contributions.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Authority considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Receivables

Receivables, including federal and state grants, consist of revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. As of June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Authority considers all its receivable's collectible and has not established an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Lease Receivables

The Authority, as lessor, enters into various lease agreements. The Authority recognizes long-term lease receivables measured at the present value of lease payments anticipated to be received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at acquisition cost and depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over three to forty year lives.

Compensated Absences

Employees are eligible for vacation leave with pay. The number of vacation weeks are awarded to employees based on years of service and range from two weeks after one year of service to five weeks after 15 years of service. Unused vacation leave may be accumulated and carried over to the next fiscal year up to a maximum of five days.

Paid sick days are provided to each eligible employee for workdays missed due to illness or injury. Upon hire, employees will be vested with five sick days, prorated through the fiscal year end. On July 1st of every year, employees will be awarded ten days of paid sick leave. Unused sick days may be accumulated to a maximum of 90 days. Unused sick time will not be paid upon termination.

A liability is recorded for vacation leave earned and unused at year-end, and for the portion of unused sick leave that is more likely than not to be used for future paid time off. The liabilities are measured using current pay rates and reflect amounts attributable to past service. At June 30, 2025 and 2024, the total compensated absences liability was \$3,387 and \$18,570, respectively.

NOTE 1 - (Continued)

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets, while deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets, that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow (expenditure) or inflow (revenue) of resources until that time. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources in the statement of net position consist of items not yet credited to pension expense or revenue.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through September 18, 2025, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Concentration of Source of Supply of Labor

The Authority has a contract with Berkshire Transit Management, Inc. (BTM), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Transdev United States, to perform fixed route and paratransit management, operations, and maintenance services. The current contract expires on June 30, 2026. Approximately eighty percent (80%) of BTM employees are members of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Local 404 (the Union). BTM's current labor agreement expires on June 30, 2027.

Comparative Financial Information

The financial information for the year ended June 30, 2024 are presented for comparative purposes. Certain items in the comparative prior year totals may have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State and local statutes place certain limitations on the nature of deposits and investments available to the Authority. Deposits, including demand deposits, money markets and certificates of deposit in any one financial institution, may not exceed certain levels unless collateralized by the financial institution involved. Investments may be made in unconditionally guaranteed U.S. Government obligations having maturities of a year or less from the date of purchase, or through repurchase agreements with maturities of no greater than 90 days in which the underlying securities consist of such obligations. Other allowable investments include authorized bonds of all states, banker's acceptances, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications established by rating agencies, and units in the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust.

Custodial Credit Risk Related to Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned. The Authority carries deposits that are insured by FDIC and DIF insurance. Insured bank deposits as of June 30, 2025, were \$996,344. Uninsured bank deposits as of June 30, 2025, were \$-0-.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Accounts receivable consisted of the following at June 30:

	 2025	 omparative 2024	
Federal			
Operating assistance	\$ 3,404,556	\$ 3,189,895	
Capital assistance	 75,497	 98,684	
Total federal	 3,480,053	 3,288,579	
Massachusetts			
Operating assistance	53,014	50,000	
Capital assistance	 43,245	29,203	
Total Massachusetts	 96,259	 79,203	
Member communities			
Operating assistance for current year expenditures	1,102,782	1,075,885	
Operating assistance for prior year expenditures	 367,899	 409,748	
Total member communities	 1,470,681	 1,485,633	
Other receivables	 571,826	 298,026	
Total receivables	\$ 5,618,819	\$ 5,151,441	

NOTE 4 - WORKING CAPITAL HELD BY FIXED ROUTE AND PARATRANSIT OPERATOR

Berkshire Transit Management, Inc. (BTM), subsidiary of Transdev United States, is the fixed route and paratransit operator for the Authority. The assets and liabilities held by BTM are owned by the Authority and consist mainly of cash, inventory, prepaid expenses, accounts payable, accrued wages and compensated absences. The Authority is responsible for funding these expenses.

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave)

Employees of BTM earn vacation leave annually based on their hire date and years of continuous service, with full-time employees earning between 80 and 240 hours and part-time employees earning between 40 and 80 hours. Vacation leave is not cumulative from year to year (date of hire anniversary); however, employees may elect to cash out up to 40 hours of unused vacation annually.

Employees of BTM who have completed at least 90 days of employment are granted six paid sick days annually. Sick leave does not accumulate beyond six days and any unused sick time is cashed out within 90 days following the end of each contract year.

BTM recognizes a liability for vacation leave earned and unused at year-end, and for the portion of unused sick leave that is more likely than not to be used for future paid time off. The liabilities are measured using current pay rates and reflect amounts attributable to past service.

The value of these assets less liabilities held by BTM for each of the years ending June 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$713,741, and is reported as *working capital held by fixed route operator* in the Authority's financial statements.

NOTE 5 - LEASES

The Authority, as lessor, has entered into various agreements for advertising and office space with lease terms expiring in 2029.

A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The Authority determines whether a contract conveys control of the right to use the underlying asset by assessing both of the following: 1) the right to obtain the present service capacity from use of the underlying asset as specified in the contract, and 2) the right to determine the nature and manner of use of the underlying asset as specified in the contract.

The Authority, as a lessor, recognizes lease receivables at the present value of lease payments anticipated to be received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods. The Authority assesses each lease receivable annually for changes in the terms of the lease, interest rate, impairment of the underlying leased asset, or other factors that may impact the expected lease payments. Lease revenue is recorded systematically over the term of the lease, with a corresponding reduction of the deferred inflow. The Authority calculates the amortization of the discount on each lease receivable in subsequent financial reporting periods, and reports that amount as interest revenue.

As of June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Authority does not have any contracts or agreements as a lessee.

Leases receivable consist of the following:

Advertising (Embedded) Lease Income

In fiscal year 2025, the Authority entered into an agreement with a third party, which has the exclusive right to sell, install, maintain, and place advertisements on and inside the Authority's buses, expiring in fiscal year 2029. The minimum annual guaranteed advertising income starts at \$30,000, increasing to \$40,000 over the life of the lease. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$157,813. The value of the lease receivable as of June 30, 2025 was \$133,141. The lease has an interest rate of 4.00%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2025 was \$126,701. The Authority recognized advertising lease income of \$31,562 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Rental Income

The Authority entered into an agreement with a third party to lease office space within the Authority's Intermodal Center which will expire in April 2026. Monthly rental income is \$2,800. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$64,479. The value of the lease receivable as of June 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$27,493 and \$59,300, respectively. The lease has an interest rate of 4.00%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$24,496 and \$54,822, respectively. The Authority recognized rental income \$31,729 and \$33,051 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Leases receivable consist of the following at June 30, 2025:

	Beginning Balance					Decreases	Ending Endergeereases Balance			
Advertising space Rental space	\$	59,300	\$	157,813	\$	(24,672) (31,807)	\$	133,141 27,493		
Leases receivable	\$	59,300	\$	157,813	\$	(56,479)	\$	160,634		

NOTE 5 - (Continued)

Future minimum lease payments to be received are as follows:

		Advertisi	ng Ir	ncome	ne Rental Income					
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	June 30, Principal Receipts			Interest Receipts		Principal Receipts		Interest Receipts		Total Receipts
2026	\$	25,132	\$	4,868	\$	27,493	\$	507	\$	58,000
2027		31,248		3,752		-		-		35,000
2028		37,614		2,386		-		-		40,000
2029		39,147	_	853			_			40,000
Total	\$	133,141	\$	11,859	\$	27,493	\$	507	\$	173,000

Other short-term leases

The Authority has entered into multiple short-term (month-to-month) agreements to lease office space within the Authority's Intermodal Center. Total lease income was \$19,119 and \$22,157 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following at June 30:

				20)25		
	Beginning Balance			Increases	Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							_
Land	\$	61,628	\$	-	\$ -	\$	61,628
Construction in process		154,279					154,279
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		215,907	_	<u>-</u>		_	215,907
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings		15,276,276		107,640	-		15,383,916
Revenue equipment		14,647,940		1,701,380	-		16,349,320
Office equipment and furniture		481,710		114,701	(38,472)		557,939
Service vehicles		426,124					426,124
Total capital assets, being depreciated		30,832,050	_	1,923,721	(38,472)		32,717,299
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		8,606,399		387,726	-		8,994,125
Revenue equipment		8,606,276		1,006,233	=		9,612,509
Office equipment and furniture		360,128		44,174	(38,472)		365,830
Service vehicles		307,015		24,185	<u>=</u>		331,200
Total accumulated depreciation		17,879,818	_	1,462,318	(38,472)	_	19,303,664
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		12,952,232		461,403			13,413,635
Capital assets, net	\$	13,168,139	\$	461,403	\$ -	\$	13,629,542

NOTE 6 - (Continued)

		Compara	tive 2024		
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 61,628	\$ -	\$ -	\$	61,628
Construction in process	 154,279		<u> </u>		154,279
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 215,907	 			215,907
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	15,271,511	25,000	(20,235)		15,276,276
Revenue equipment	11,192,591	3,460,909	(5,560)		14,647,940
Office equipment and furniture	439,007	59,636	(16,933)		481,710
Service vehicles	 315,575	110,549	<u> </u>		426,124
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 27,218,684	 3,656,094	(42,728)		30,832,050
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	8,236,537	390,097	(20,235)		8,606,399
Revenue equipment	7,562,809	1,049,027	(5,560)		8,606,276
Office equipment and furniture	338,461	38,600	(16,933)		360,128
Service vehicles	 303,098	3,917	<u> </u>		307,015
Total accumulated depreciation	 16,440,905	 1,481,641	(42,728)	_	17,879,818
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 10,777,779	 2,174,453			12,952,232
Capital assets, net	\$ 10,993,686	\$ 2,174,453	\$ -	\$	13,168,139

NOTE 7 - NOTES PAYABLE

The Authority is subsidized by local assessments received from its member communities for its annual net cost of service. The Authority is also subsidized by the Federal government. These subsidies are funded subsequent to the year in which the costs are incurred. Therefore, the Authority issues revenue anticipation notes to cover cash flow deficiencies until funding is received.

Revenue anticipation notes payable consisted of the following at June 30:

	 2025	 omparative 2024
4.50% Revenue anticipation note due July 25, 2025	\$ 5,600,000	\$ -
4.50% Revenue anticipation note due July 25, 2024	 	 5,600,000
Total	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 5,600,000

On July 25, 2025, the Authority issued a \$5,700,000 revenue anticipation note maturing on July 25, 2026 at a rate of 4.00%. The Authority repaid the \$5,600,000 note due July 25, 2025.

The Commonwealth is required pursuant to Section 10 of Chapter 161B of the Massachusetts General Laws to pay to the Authority amounts duly certified by the Administrator as necessary to pay the principal and interest on these notes if sufficient funds are not otherwise available; the obligation of the Commonwealth to pay such amounts to the Authority is a general obligation of the Commonwealth and the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth is pledged to make such payments.

NOTE 8 - NET POSITION

Net position consisted of the following at June 30:

						2025		
						Restricted		
	Iı	nvested in			W	orking Capital		
		pital assets, et of debt	Restricted Reserve		_	Held by Operators	 Inrestricted	Total
Income (loss) before capital contributions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (1,429,010) \$	(1,429,010)
Depreciation		(1,462,318)		-		-	1,462,318	-
Capital contributions		1,923,721		-		-	-	1,923,721
Increase in reserve for extraordinary expenses			_	5,248	_		 (5,248)	
Increase (decrease) in net position		461,403		5,248		-	28,060	494,711
Net position, beginning		13,168,139	_	209,929	_	713,741	 (267,994)	13,823,815
Net position, ending	\$	13,629,542	\$	215,177	\$	713,741	\$ (239,934) \$	14,318,526

	Comparative 2024														
	Invested in	Restricted	Restricted Working Capital												
	capital assets, net of debt	Reserve	Held by Operators	Unrestricted	Total										
Income (loss) before capital contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,368,050) \$	(1,368,050)										
Depreciation	(1,481,641)	-	-	1,481,641	-										
Capital contributions	3,656,094	-	-	-	3,656,094										
Increase in reserve for extraordinary expenses	<u>-</u> _	5,121		(5,121)	<u>-</u>										
Increase (decrease) in net position	2,174,453	5,121	-	108,470	2,288,044										
Net position, beginning	10,993,686	204,808	713,741	(376,464)	11,535,771										
Net position, ending	\$ 13,168,139	\$ 209,929	\$ 713,741	<u>\$ (267,994)</u> <u>\$</u>	13,823,815										

Restricted net position

A reserve has been established by the Authority, restricted for the purpose of meeting the cost of extraordinary expenses in accordance with MGL Chapter 161B Section 6(q). At June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Authority's restricted reserve balance was \$215,177 and \$209,929, respectively.

NOTE 9 - TRANSPORTATION CONTRACTS

Transportation contracts consisted of the following at June 30, 2025:

- A. Fixed route service is provided by Berkshire Transit Management, Inc., subsidiary of Transdev United States, to the communities of Adams, Cheshire, Dalton, Great Barrington, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, Lee, Lenox, New Ashford, North Adams, Pittsfield, Stockbridge and Williamstown. Payments are based upon reimbursement for actual costs incurred plus a fixed management fee of \$307,392.
- B. Berkshire Transit Management, Inc. provides paratransit services mandated by the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) as well as non-ADA door-to-door services to approved customers. Payments are based upon reimbursement for actual costs incurred. Customer fees for both services are paid through the purchase of tickets from the Authority and redemption of tickets upon travel or electronic online payments made through RMPay software. The Americans with Disabilities Act mandates that ADA service be made available to approved persons unable to access the fixed route buses at a cost not to exceed twice the maximum fare on the fixed route system. User cost is between \$2.50 and \$9.00 based upon trip origin and destination. Non-ADA fees range from \$7.50 to \$32.50 dependent upon the quantity of towns traversed.
- C. Council on Aging (COA) organizations and other private transportation agencies provide paratransit service to qualified persons with disabilities as well as the elderly and disabled.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN

Plan

The Authority provides retirement benefits to employees through the Berkshire Regional Transit Authority Pension Plan (the Plan), a single-employer pension plan. This is a defined benefit pension plan which covers all eligible employees of the Authority. Employees, who are at least 21 years old, are eligible to enter the plan on the first day of the plan year. New members of the Plan become 100% vested over a five-year period. The Plan issues a publicly available report that includes financial reports and required supplementary information for the plan. The Plan's report can be obtained by writing to Berkshire Regional Transit Authority, One Columbus Avenue, Pittsfield, Massachusetts 01201 or by calling (413) 499-2782.

Results of the Plan are based on liabilities developed in an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2025 with a measurement date of June 30, 2025.

Accounting Policy

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Membership

Plan membership consisted of the 6 active plan members and no inactive plan members as of June 30, 2025 and 2024.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement benefits to members and continuing survivor benefits to designated beneficiaries upon the member's death. Retirement benefits are calculated at 2.5% of a member's average monthly compensation times the number of years of service to a maximum of 40 years. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service and level of compensation. Normal retirement is attained at age 65 with at least 5 years of service. A retirement allowance may be received early if the participant has reached age 55 and completed five years of service.

NOTE 10 - (Continued)

Contributions

Each year, the Authority makes contributions to the Plan. While there is no statutory or regulatory requirement to contribute the actuarially determined contribution, it is the intent of the Authority to contribute the amount necessary to meet benefit obligations when due.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2025 and 2024 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.00% and future periods
Salary increases	2.00% annually and for future periods
Investment rate of return	4.00%, net of pension plan investment expense including inflation.
Pre- and post-retirement mortality	Mortality rates were based upon the 2025 IRC 430(h)(3)(A) Combined Mortality Tables
Employee termination	None assumed
Retirement age	Age 65 or normal retirement date, if later
Pre-retirement death benefit	Calculated using aforementioned mortality, interest and termination assumptions and on the assumption that 100% of plan members have spouses.

Expenses Investment return is assumed to be net of plan expenses paid from the trust fund

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments for the 2025 and 2024 actuarial valuations were determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	50.00%	4.50%
International equity	0.00%	5.50%
Fixed income	50.00%	2.00%
Real estate	0.00%	4.00%
Cash	0.00%	1.00%
	100.00%	=
Fixed income Real estate	50.00% 0.00% 0.00%	2.00% 4.00%

NOTE 10 - (Continued)

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for 2025 and 2024 was 4.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will continue to be made at the current rate and that contributions will be made at rates at least equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Change in net pension liability

	Increase (Decrease)												
		tal Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)									
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	1,629,038	\$ 908,324	\$ 720,714									
Changes for the year:													
Service cost		75,935	-	75,935									
Interest		68,199	-	68,199									
Changes in benefit terms		-	-	-									
Changes of assumptions		(24,289)	-	(24,289)									
Differences between actual and													
expected experience		57,211	-	57,211									
Contributions - employer		-	250,000	(250,000)									
Net investment income		-	44,277	(44,277)									
Benefit payments		-	-	-									
Administrative expense		-	-	(117.001)									
Net changes		177,056	294,277	(117,221)									
Balances at June 30, 2024		1,806,094	1,202,601	603,493									
Changes for the year:													
Service cost		79,851	-	79,851									
Interest		75,438	-	75,438									
Changes in benefit terms		-	-	-									
Changes of assumptions		4,247	-	4,247									
Differences between actual and													
expected experience		248,611	-	248,611									
Contributions - employer		_	200,000	(200,000)									
Net investment income		_	90,636	(90,636)									
Benefit payments		_	_	-									
Administrative expense		_	-	-									
Net changes		408,147	290,636	117,511									
Balances at June 30, 2025	\$	2,214,241	\$ 1,493,237	\$ 721,004									

NOTE 10 - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 4.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Decrease 3.00%)	 Current Discount (4.00%)	 1% Increase (5.00%)
Plan net pension liability as of June 30, 2025	\$ 996,658	\$ 721,004	\$ 487,666
	Decrease 3.00%)	Current Discount (4.00%)	 1% Increase (5.00%)
Plan net pension liability as of June 30, 2024	\$ 781,011	\$ 603,493	\$ 348,377

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Transit Authority recognized pension expense of \$180,212; contribution of \$200,000 paid into the Plan, less the reduction in net pension liability of \$19,788 (pension expense was \$146,746 for the year ended June 30, 2024). At June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Transit Authority reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		20)25			Compara	tive	2024
	Οι	Deferred atflows of esources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	383,731	\$	107,804	\$	201,780	\$	130,327
Changes in assumptions		108,651		20,923		138,448		25,591
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		17,077		40,198		34,155		15,230
Total	\$	509,459	\$	168,925	\$	374,383	\$	171,148

Amounts reported as of June 30 for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2026	\$ 77,994
2027	60,915
2028	52,763
2029	42,841
2030	49,754
Thereafter	 56,267
Total	\$ 340,534

Payable to Pension Plan

At June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Authority reported a payable of \$-0- for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan.

NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Federal and State funding

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. As of the date of the financial statements, the Authority is not aware of any expenditures that may be disallowed by a grantor.

Risk management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and workers compensation claims for which the Authority carries commercial insurance.

NOTE 12 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The Authority receives operating assistance from the federal government and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, as well as assessments charged to local member communities of the Authority.

Federal and state assistance totaled approximately 85% of the total fiscal year 2025 revenues (80% in 2024).

Member community local assessments totaled approximately 10% of the total fiscal year 2025 revenues (11% in 2024).

The Federal and State government pay for approximately all of the Authority's capital acquisitions each year.

NOTE 13 - IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

Current Year Implementation

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, which became effective for fiscal year 2025. The objective of this statement is to improve the usefulness of information provided to financial statement users by establishing a unified recognition and measurement model for compensated absences and modifying certain disclosure requirements.

In accordance with GASB 101, the Authority evaluated its own compensated absence policies, as well as those of its fixed-route and paratransit operator, Berkshire Transit Management, Inc. (BTM), for which the Authority is financially responsible. The impact of this statement was not material to the Authority's financial statements. No additional liability was required for BTM's compensated absences, as existing accruals were determined to be sufficient under the new standard. The Authority has enhanced its disclosures to reflect the nature and terms of compensated absence benefits for both the Authority and BTM, including eligibility criteria and accrual limits.

The GASB issued Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures, which became effective for fiscal year 2025. The objective of this statement is to enhance transparency by requiring disclosures of risks arising from a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. These disclosures are intended to provide users with better information to understand and assess potential risks to a government's financial condition. Adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the Authority's financial reporting, other than enhancing certain note disclosures.

NOTE 13 - (Continued)

Future Year Implementation

The GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and will be implemented by the Authority in fiscal year 2026. The objective of this statement is to enhance the existing financial reporting model by improving the relevance, consistency, and clarity of key components, thereby strengthening its usefulness for decision-making and for assessing a government's accountability. The Authority is currently evaluating the impact of this statement on its financial reporting.

The GASB issued Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and will be implemented by the Authority in fiscal year 2026. This statement requires separate disclosure of specified types of capital assets to provide users of the financial statements with more relevant information. The Authority is currently evaluating the impact of this statement on its financial reporting.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2025

BRTA Pension Plan (see also Note 10) Plan Year End June 30,

	2025	 2024		2023	_	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	 2017	 2016
Total pension liability Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms	\$ 79,851 75,438	\$ 75,935 68,199	\$	72,477 60,627	\$	71,027 82,666	\$	91,955 77,168	\$	101,455 68,958	\$	95,207 61,031	\$	99,853 58,458	\$ 99,716 44,571	\$ 96,120 36,117
Changes of assumptions Differences between expected and	4,247	(24,289)		7,527		5,639		216,168		(1,653)		(5,620)		44,668	2,129	1,716
actual experience Benefit payment, including refunds	248,611	57,211		45,205		(89,923)		(48,364)		78,616		(204)		(17,135)	85,419	31,541
of employee contributions	-	-		-		(414,546)		-		(49,115)		(15,111)		(91,535)	-	-
Net change in total pension liability	408,147	177,056		185,836		(345,137)		336,927		198,261		135,303		94,309	 231,835	165,494
Total pension liability, beginning	1,806,094	 1,629,038		1,443,202		1,788,339	_	1,451,412		1,253,151		1,117,848	_	1,023,539	 791,704	 626,210
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$ 2,214,241	\$ 1,806,094	\$	1,629,038	\$	1,443,202	\$	1,788,339	\$	1,451,412	\$	1,253,151	\$	1,117,848	\$ 1,023,539	\$ 791,704
Plan fiduciary net position																
Contributions - employer Net investment income	\$ 200,000 90,636	\$ 250,000 44,277	\$	200,000 49,370	\$	238,664 (53,378)	\$	160,000 45,472	\$	136,000 27,989	\$	115,001 24,118	\$	108,522 26,692	\$ 121,564 8,062	\$ 57,800 12,771
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	-	-		-		(414,546)		-		(49,115)		(15,111)		(91,535)	-	-
Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position	 290,636	 294,277	-	249,370		(229,260)	_	205,472	_	114,874	-	124,008	_	43,679	 129,626	 70,571
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning	 1,202,601	 908,324		658,954		888,214		682,742		567,868		443,860		400,181	 270,555	 199,984
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$ 1,493,237	\$ 1,202,601	\$	908,324	\$	658,954	\$	888,214	\$	682,742	\$	567,868	\$	443,860	\$ 400,181	\$ 270,555
Net pension liability (a) - (b)	\$ 721,004	\$ 603,493	\$	720,714	\$	784,248	\$	900,125	\$	768,670	\$	685,283	\$	673,988	\$ 623,358	\$ 521,149
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.44%	66.59%		55.76%		45.66%		49.67%		47.04%		45.32%		39.71%	39.10%	34.17%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 493,650	\$ 434,194	\$	410,798	\$	391,095	\$	390,160	\$	582,240	\$	551,610	\$	548,422	\$ 547,603	\$ 527,190
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	146.06%	138.99%		175.44%		200.53%		230.71%		132.02%		124.23%		122.90%	113.83%	98.85%

See independent auditors' report.

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2025

BRTA Pension Plan (see also Note 10) Plan Year End June 30,

	 2025	_	2024	 2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017		2016	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 165,325	\$	147,479	\$ 157,917	\$	163,999	\$	198,664	\$	171,984	\$	158,085	\$	161,694	\$	156,912	\$	143,938
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 200,000		250,000	 200,000		238,664		160,000		136,000		115,001		108,522		121,564		57,800
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (34,675)	\$	(102,521)	\$ (42,083)	\$	(74,665)	\$	38,664	\$	35,984	\$	43,084	\$	53,172	\$	35,348	\$	86,138
Covered employee payroll	\$ 493,650	\$	434,194	\$ 410,798	\$	391,095	\$	390,160	\$	582,240	\$	551,610	\$	548,422	\$	547,603	\$	527,190
Contribution as a percentage of covered Employee payroll	40.51%		57.58%	48.69%		61.02%		41.01%		23.36%		20.85%		19.79%		22.20%		10.96%

Notes to Schedule

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, 2025.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Normal

Amortization method: 10 year level dollar of the existing net pension liability as of

the valuation date

Remaining amortization period 10 years. Fresh start method with amortization remaining

unfunded amortized each year

Asset valuation method: Market value of assets as of the measurement date

Inflation: 2.00% as of June 30, 2025 and for future periods

Salary increases: 2.00% annually as of June 30, 2025 and for future periods

Investment rate of return: 4.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

COMPUTATION OF OPERATING ASSISTANCE FROM THE FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION UNDER 49 USC SECTIONS 5307 AND 5311

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For Year Ended June 30,

	 2025	C	omparative 2024
Total operating expenses	\$ 11,786,929	\$	10,844,729
Eliminate GASB adjustment for change in net pension liability	19,788		103,254
Eliminate GASB adjustment for change in leases receivable	5,019		1,101
Eliminate non-reimbursable depreciation expense	(1,459,065)		(1,477,526)
Interest expense	218,794		208,018
Total eligible expenses	10,571,465		9,679,576
Revenues applied to eligible expenses:			
Fixed route income	251,480		516,864
Demand response income	51,324		77,527
Other assistance	228,280		214,756
Advertising income	36,890		38,611
Rental income	50,848		55,208
Other income	29,350		109,415
Interest income	70,059		34,118
Total revenues applied to eligible expenses	718,231		1,046,499
Net operating expenses eligible under Sections 5307 and 5311	9,853,234		8,633,077
Federal participation in eligible expenses	 x 50%		x 50%
Maximum federal operating assistance allowed	\$ 4,926,617	\$	4,316,539
Sections 5307 and 5311 operating assistance			
subject (amount of maximum funding above or less)	\$ 3,448,814	\$	3,189,895

The following non-reimbursable items are not included in the eligible expenses above:

- Depreciation taken on property and equipment purchased with capital grant funding
- GASB adjustment for the change in the Authority's net pension liability
- GASB adjustment for the change in the Authority's long-term leases receivable

STATEMENT OF NET COST OF SERVICE

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30,

	Se	Total Service Area 2025		Comparative Total Service Area 2024	
Operating costs					
Fixed route service	\$	6,951,668	\$	6,273,911	
Demand response service		2,338,724		2,166,159	
Other operating expenses		243,055		214,756	
Administrative costs		791,164		708,262	
Depreciation expense		1,462,318		1,481,641	
Debt service		218,794		208,018	
Eliminate GASB adjustment for change in net pension liability		19,788		103,254	
Eliminate GASB adjustment for change in leases receivable		5,019		1,101	
Eliminate non-reimbursable depreciation expense		(1,459,065)		(1,477,526)	
Total eligible costs		10,571,465		9,679,576	
Operating assistance and revenues					
Federal and other operating assistance		3,748,105		3,404,651	
Local Revenues					
Fixed route income		251,480		516,864	
Demand response income		51,324		77,527	
Advertising income		36,890		38,611	
Rental income		50,848		55,208	
Other income		29,350		109,415	
Interest income		70,059		34,118	
Total local revenues		489,951		831,743	
Total operating assistance and revenues		4,238,056		4,236,394	
Net operating deficit		6,333,409		5,443,182	
Increase in reserve for extraordinary expenses		5,248		5,121	
Net cost of service	\$	6,338,657	\$	5,448,303	
Net cost of service funding					
Local assessments	\$	1,102,782	\$	1,075,885	
Massachusetts contract assistance	ψ	4,633,781	Ψ	4,257,320	
		602,094		115,098	
Massachusetts fare free program Total funding	\$	6,338,657	\$	5,448,303	
rotal fulluling	Ψ	0,550,057	Ψ	2,770,203	

The following non-reimbursable items are not included in the eligible expenses above:

- Depreciation taken on property and equipment purchased with capital grant funding
- GASB adjustment for the change in the Authority's net pension liability
- GASB adjustment for the change in the Authority's long-term leases receivable

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Advisory Board BERKSHIRE REGIONAL TRANSIT AUTHORITY One Columbus Avenue, Suite 201 Pittsfield, MA 01201

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards), the financial statements of the business-type activities, of the Berkshire Regional Transit Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Berkshire Regional Transit Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 18, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Berkshire Regional Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Berkshire Regional Transit Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Berkshire Regional Transit Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Berkshire Regional Transit Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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September 18, 2025